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to the lower engineroom or other space, both the flat and the lower space shall be protected simultaneously. The flat shall be fitted with suitable coamings on all openings other than deck drains to properly restrain the oil and foam at that level. Other installations of a similar nature will be considered in a like manner.

- (3) Where a system is installed to protect a tank, it shall be so designed and arranged as to spread a blanket of foam over the entire liquid surface of the tank within the range of usual trim. The arrangement of piping shall be such as to give a uniform distribution over the entire area protected.
- (b) Rate of application. (1) For spaces other than tanks, the rate of discharge to foam outlets protecting the hazard shall be at least as set forth in this paragraph.
- (i) For chemical foam systems with stored "A" and "B" solutions, a total of at least 1.6 gallons per minute of the two solutions shall be discharged for each 10 square feet of area protected.
- (ii) For other types of foam systems, the water rate to the dry powder generators or air foam production equipment shall be at least 1.6 gallons per minute for each 10 square feet of area protected.
- (2) For tanks, the rate of discharge to foam outlets protecting the hazard shall be as set forth in paragraph (b)(1) of this section, except that the value of 1 gallon per minute shall be substituted in both cases for the value of 1.6 gallons per minute.
- (c) Supply of foam producing material. (1) There shall be provided a quantity of foam producing material sufficient to operate the equipment at the discharge rate specified in paragraph (b) of this section for a period of at least 3 minutes for spaces other than tanks, and for at least 5 minutes for tanks.
- (d) Separate supply of foam agent. A separate supply of foam agent need not be provided for each space protected. The total available supply shall be at least sufficient for the space requiring the greatest amount.
- (e) Water supply for required pumps. Where pumps are required, the water supply shall be from outside the space protected and shall in no way be de-

pendent upon power from the space protected.

§ 95.17-10 Controls.

- (a) The foam agent, its container, and all controls and valves for the operation of the system shall be of an approved type.
- (b) The foam agent container and all controls and valves for the operation of the system shall be outside the space protected and shall not be located in such space as might be cut off or made inaccessible in the event of fire in any of the spaces protected. The control space shall be as convenient as practicable to one of the main escapes from the spaces protected, and shall be marked as required by §97.37–13 of this subchapter. Where pumps are required, it shall not be necessary that they be started from the control space.
- (c) Complete, but simple instructions for the operation of the system shall be located in a conspicuous place at or near the controls.
- (d) The valves to the various spaces served shall be marked as required by §97.37-10 of this subchapter.

§ 95.17-15 Piping.

- (a) All piping, valves, and fittings shall meet the applicable requirements of Subchapter F (Marine Engineering) of this chapter.
- (b) All piping, valves, and fittings of ferrous materials shall be protected inside and outside against corrosion unless specifically approved otherwise by the Commandant.
- (c) All piping, valves, and fittings shall be securely supported, and where necessary, protected against injury.
- (d) Drains and dirt traps shall be fitted where necessary to prevent the accumulation of dirt or moisture.
- (e) Piping shall be used for no other purpose.

§95.17-20 Discharge outlets.

(a) Discharge outlets shall be of an approved type.

§ 95.17-25 Additional protection required.

(a) In order that any residual fires above the floor plates may be extinguished when a foam system is installed for the protection of spaces

§ 95.17-90

other than tanks, at least 2 fire hydrants, in addition to those required for the machinery space by Subpart 95.10, shall be installed outside of the machinery space entrance. Such hydrants shall be fitted with sufficient hose so that any part of the machinery space may be reached with at least 2 streams of water, and each hose shall be equipped with an approved combination nozzle, applicator, and self-cleaning strainer as described in §95.10–10(i)(3).

§ 95.17-90 Installations contracted for prior to November 19, 1952.

- (a) Installations contracted for prior to November 19, 1952, shall meet the following requirements:
- (1) Existing arrangements, materials, and facilities previously approved shall be considered satisfactory so long as they meet the minimum requirements of this paragraph and they are maintained in good condition to the satisfaction of the Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection. Minor repairs and alterations may be made to the same standards as the original installation.
- (2) The details of the systems shall be in general agreement with §§95.17–5 through 95.17–20, with the exception of §95.17–5(a)(2), insofar as is reasonable and practicable. A 6-inch blanket of foam in 5 minutes for tanks and 3 minutes for other spaces will be considered as meeting the requirements of §95.17–5.

Subpart 95.30—Automatic Sprinkler Systems, Details

§ 95.30-1 Application.

Automatic sprinkler systems shall comply with NFPA 13–1996.

 $[{\rm CGD}~95\text{--}028,\,62~{\rm FR}~51207,\,{\rm Sept.}~30,\,1997]$

Subpart 95.50—Hand Portable Fire Extinguishers and Semiportable Fire Extinguishing Systems, Arrangements and Details

§ 95.50-1 Application.

(a) The provisions of this subpart, with the exception of §95.50-90, shall apply to all vessels, other than unmanned barges and fishing vessels, con-

tracted for on or after November 19, 1952. Such vessels contracted for prior to November 19, 1952, shall meet the requirements of §95.50-90.

§95.50-5 Classification.

- (a) Hand portable fire extinguishers and semiportable fire extinguishing systems shall be classified by a combination letter and number symbol. The letter indicating the type of fire which the unit could be expected to extinguish, and the number indicating the relative size of the unit.
- (b) The types of fire will be designated as follows:
- (1) "A" for fires in ordinary combustible materials where the quenching and cooling effects of quantities of water, or solutions containing large percentages of water, are of first importance.
- (2) "B" for fires in flammable liquids, greases, etc., where a blanketing effect is essential.
- (3) "C" for fires in electrical equipment where the use of nonconducting extinguishing agent is of first importance
- (c) The number designations for size will start with "I" for the smallest to "V" for the largest. Sizes I and II are considered hand portable fire extinguishers and sizes III, IV, and V are considered semiportable fire extinguishing systems which shall be fitted with suitable hose and nozzle or otherpracticable means so that all portions of the space concerned may be covered. Examples of size graduations for some of the typical hand portable and semiportable fire extinguishing systems are set forth in Table 95.50–5(c).

TABLE 95.50-5(c)

Classification			Soda- acid		Carbon	Dry
	Туре	Size	and water, gallons	Foam, gallons	diox- ide, pounds	chem- ical, pounds
Α		II	21/2	21/2		
В		1		11/4	4	2
В		II		21/2	15	10
В		III		12	35	20
В		IV		20	50	30
В		V		40	100	50
С		1			4	2
С		II			15	10